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Malaga, December 3, N. S.

ON the 15th paſt arrived here the three Malteſe Men of War which had been employed to convoy Imbarkations to Ceuta: They ſailed again Eaſtward the 22d, bound for Alicant, from whence they are to bring ſeveral Ships and Veſſels with Troops to theſe Parts. On the 16th arrived the Regiment of Galicia, conſiſting of two Batalliions, which marched hither by Land from Alicant. Here is alſo the Regiment of Almanza. They wait for Orders from the Marqueſs de Lede. An Order is come hither from Cadiz, for making Biſcuit of all the Flower which was laid up in the Magazines here. On the 23d arrived about 50 Sareas, Tartans, and Barca Longas, from the Bay of Gibraltar, under Convoy of an armed Sarea of 10 Guns: Theſe are taking in Biſcuit and Straw for Ceuta; from whence other empty Tranſports arrive daily, to take in the like Lading. Within theſe few Days Sig. Patinno has ſent over from Cadiz to Ceuta, 20 Pieces of new Braſs battering Cannon, as alſo a great Number of Spades, Shovels, Pick-axes, and Scaling-Ladders, with other Stores of Ammunition.

Madrid, Dec. 9, N. S. By Advices from Ceuta of the 2d Inſtant we learn, that nothing of any Conſequence has lately paſſed between the two Armies. The Marqueſs de Lede remains ſtill in the ſame Camp, which he has cauſed to be ſtrongly fortified; and the greateſt part of his Army is imployed in deſtroying the Works the Enemy had made before Ceuta. The Army of the Moors continued encamped within a ſhort League of the Spaniards, and had begun to receive great Reinforcements both of Horſe and Foot. It is believed the Marqueſs de Lede will only ſecure the Advantages he has obtained, till he be ſupplied with all the neceſſary Stores and Reinforcements deſigned him, and not attempt any thing further till the next Spring.

Paris, Dec. 25. Mr. Law has retired out of this Kingdom into the Auſtrian Netherlands: He and his Son were conveyed to the Frontiers, by the Regent's Permiſſion, in a Chaiſe of the Duke of Bourbon's, accompanied by one of that Duke's Gentlemen and two others of his Domeſticks. They took their Way by Valenciennes to Mons, whence Mr. Law and his Son proceeded to Bruſſels, where they arrived on the 21ſt Inſtant. It is ſaid Mr. Law deſigns to repair to Rome with all Diligence: His Wife and Daughter are ſtill here, but are ſelling off his Houſhold-Goods and Effects, in order to follow him as ſoon as poſſible. On the 21ſt at Night M. Bourgeois Treaſurer, M. du Reveſt Comptroller, and M. Fromager one of the Directors of the Bank, were ſeized and ſent to the Baſtile: Several others of the Bank have alſo been taken into Cuſtody by Virtue of Lettres de Cachet.

St. James's, Dec. 17. On Sunday laſt M. le Coq, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Poland, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl Stanhope, one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, notified to His Majeſty the Birth of a Son of the Prince Royal of Saxony; and, in the Name of the King of Poland, deſired His Majeſty would pleaſe to be Godfather to that young Prince.

Middx. ſſ. *Ad General' Seſſion' Pacis Dom' Regis tent' pro Com' Middx' apud Hicks Hall in St. John ſtreet, in Com' pred' per adjorn' die Martis, ſcil' ſexto die Decembris, Anno Regni Dom' Georgii, nunc Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, &c. ſeptimo, coram Rob. Thornhill, Armigero honorab' Langham Booth, Armigero, Samuel' Tennard, Henrico Fetherſton, Johanne Auſten, Baronettis, Edwardo Lawrence, Thoma' Gery, Thoma Hewet, Militibus, Thoma Woodcock, Martino Ryder, Johanne Milner, Daniel' Combes, D'Oyley Michel, Roberto Guy, Thoma Coke, Johanne Ellis, Gwyn Vaughan, Alexandro Ward, Johanne Metcalfe, Iſaaco Tillard, Armigeris, & aliis Sociis ſuis Juſticiariis dicti Domini Regis ad Pacem in Com' predict' conſervand' necnon ad diverſ' Felon' Tranſgr' & alia Malefacta in eodem Com' perpetrat' audiend' & terminand' aſſign' &c.*

WHereas Complaint hath been made at this General Seſſion of the Peace held for this County, that notwithſtanding the many neceſſary and wholeſom Proviſions made for Cleanſing and Paving the Streets, Lanes, and other publick Places comprized within the Bills of Mortality, by the Laws and Statutes now in Force, yet, by the great Negligence of the Scavengers, Rakers, and other Officers, as well as an almoſt entire Neglect of the Inhabitants in ſweeping their Doors, &c. as directed by the Statutes, the Streets, Lanes, Alleys, and publick Places, are in a moſt ruinous and dirty Condition, not only in reſpect to the Pavements being broke and wore down in moſt of the High-Streets, but alſo by the poorer ſort of People laying at their Doors, Duſt, Dirt, Coal-aſhes, Dung, and other filth and Rubbiſh, to the great Annoyance of His Majeſty's good Subjects in paſſing the Streets about their lawful Occaſions; And whereas Extracts of all the Laws now in Force for Paving and Cleanſing the Streets have been printed, and the Juſtices have frequently, in the moſt earneſt Terms, preſſed the Inhabitants to pay a due Obedience thereto, and have made Examples, by convicting and levying the Penalties on ſome of the moſt remarkable Offenders, yet Experience ſufficiently demonſtrates, that a more vigorous Execution of theſe Laws are required from the Magiſtrates to render them uſeful to the Publick, and to anſwer the good Ends intended by our Legiſlators. And whereas this Court hath taken into ſerious Conſideration the great Deſtruction made among Mankind in the Southern Parts of France by the Plague, and conſidering the wiſe and neceſſary Precautions taken in all Parts of Europe to prevent the Contagion ſpreading, and being fully ſatisfied that the Cleanſing and Paving the Streets, and keeping them clean and ſweet, will, in ſome Meaſure, prevent any Contagion we may fear in this County, as well as preſerve His Majeſty's good Subjects in paſſing the Steets; this Court have therefore unanimouſly reſolved, that they will, in the moſt effectual Manner they are able, put all the Laws in Execution that relate to the Paving and Cleanſing the Streets, and in order thereto, and to prevent any Perſons pretending Ignorance of the Laws, they have ordered Extracts of all the Statutes relating thereto to be reprinted and delivered to the Clerks of the reſpective Petty Seſſions in every Pariſh and Diviſion, and to be diſtributed and affixed in ſuch Manner as the Juſtices there aſſembled ſhall direct. And this Court doth likewiſe give further Notice to all Perſons concerned, that it is recommended to all Juſtices in their reſpective Pariſhes and Diviſions that they hold a Petty Seſſions one Day at leaſt in every Week (except in ſuch Week in which the Quarter or General Seſſions ſhall be held) to receive any Informations that may be brought againſt Pariſh Officers or Inhabitants offending in all or any of the Premiſſes: And this Court doth hereby ſtrictly command, that all Scaven-

&c.